TELLER COUNTY, COLORADO

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

**DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022** 

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors **Arabian Acres Metropolitan District**Florissant, Colorado

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Arabian Acres Metropolitan District ("District") as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the District as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of the report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
  the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

BiggsKofford, P.C.

Colorado Springs, Colorado July 22, 2024

## STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

<u>ASSETS</u>	2023	2022
Current assets:		
Cash and investments	\$ 860,113	\$ 749,113
Cash and investments - restricted	81,500	89,500
Receivable from County Treasurer	_ 907	912
Accounts receivable, net	31,209	36,323
Property taxes receivable	158,439	138,645
Total current assets	1,132,168	1,014,493
Non-current assets:		
Capital assets, net	4,093,377	4,142,509
Total non-current assets	4,093,377	4,142,509
Total assets	\$ 5,225,545	\$ 5,157,002
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 8,494	\$ 19,168
Accrued interest payable	7,427	7,427
Current maturities of bonds and notes payable	131,716	125,328
Total current liabilities	147,637	151,923
Non-current liabilities:		
Bonds and notes payable, net of current portion	1,867,059	2,016,170
Total non-current liabilities	1,867,059	2,016,170
Total liabilities	2,014,696	2,168,093
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred property taxes	158,439	138,645
Total deferred inflows of resources	158,439	138,645
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	2,268,083	2,202,319
Restricted for:		
Debt service	81,500	89,500
Unrestricted	702,827	558,445
Total net position	3,052,410	2,850,264
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,		
and net position	\$ 5,225,545	\$ 5,157,002

The accompanying notes and independent auditor's report should be read with these financial statements.

## STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

## YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

		2023	2022		
OPERATING REVENUES		_			
Water sales	\$	318,131	\$	356,440	
Other operating revenues		2,090		8,486	
Total operating revenues		320,221		364,926	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Depreciation		49,132		49,140	
District management		55,934		54,998	
Fees, dues, and subscriptions		8,137		8,942	
Insurance		12,574		13,970	
ORC fees		41,513		39,873	
Other expenses		4,573		9,646	
Professional fees		16,679		16,546	
Purchased services		-		7,425	
Repairs and maintenance		39,666		56,245	
Utilities		8,529	-	9,159	
Total operating expenses		236,737		265,944	
Operating income		83,484		98,982	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Property taxes		139,295		142,106	
Specific ownership taxes		14,953		14,501	
County Treasurer fees		(3,992)		(4,066)	
Grant revenues		-		70,800	
Interest income		22,533		6,780	
Interest expense		(54,127)		(58,425)	
Net non-operating revenues		118,662		171,696	
Change in net position		202,146		270,678	
Net position, beginning of year		2,850,264		2,579,586	
Net position, end of year	\$	3,052,410	\$	2,850,264	

The accompanying notes and independent auditor's report should be read with these financial statements.

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from user fees and surcharges	\$ 325,335	\$ 339,916
Cash paid for goods and services	(198,279)	(208,436)
Not sook flours from amounting activities	107.056	121 100
Net cash flows from operating activities	127,056	131,480
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIV	TITIES	
Cash received from general and specific tax revenues	150,261	152,500
Grant proceeds		70,800
Net cash flows from non-capital financing activities	150,261	223,300
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANC	ING ACTIVITIES	
Payments on bonds and notes payable	(142,723)	(139,901)
Interest expense	(54,127)	(58,425)
ппогост охронос	(01,121)	(66, 126)
Net cash flows from capital and		
related financing activities	(196,850)	(198,326)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest income	22,533	6,780
Net cash flows from investing activities	22,533	6,780
Not bush nows from investing douvides	22,000	0,700
Net change in cash and investments	103,000	163,234
	,	,
Cash and investments, beginning of year	838,613	675,379
Cash and investments, end of year	\$ 941,613	\$ 838,613
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income	\$ 83,484	\$ 98,982
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	Ψ σσ, .σ.	<b>V</b> 00,00=
net cash flows from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	49,132	49,140
Decrease (increase) in operating assets:		
Accounts receivable, net	5,114	(25,010)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:		•
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(10,674)	8,368
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 127,056	\$ 131,480

The accompanying notes and independent auditor's report should be read with these financial statements.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

#### 1. DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Arabian Acres Metropolitan District ("District"), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was formed in October 2003, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. The District's service area is located in Teller County, Colorado ("County"). The District was organized for the purpose of acquiring the water system for the use and benefit of the District's residents, taxpayers, and property owners; and for providing for the design, purchase, operation, maintenance, and extension of the water system. The District may provide additional services or facilities that may be provided by a metropolitan district, within and outside the District's boundaries, in accordance with its service plan.

The District follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization and potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP") as applicable to governmental units accounted for as a proprietary enterprise fund. The enterprise fund is used since the District's powers are related to those operated in a manner similar to a private utility system where net income and capital maintenance are appropriate determinations of accountability.

#### Basis of accounting

The District's records are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred. Depreciation is computed and recorded as an operating expense. Expenditures for capital assets are shown as increases in assets.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

The District distinguishes between operating revenues and expenses and non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the District's purpose of providing water and sanitation services to its customers. Operating revenues consist of charges to customers for services provided. Operating expenses include the cost of service, administrative expenses, and depreciation of assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses or capital contributions.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with US GAAP requires the District to use estimates and assumptions. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates.

#### **Budgets**

In accordance with the Local Government Budget Law of Colorado, the District's board of directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to adopt the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's board of directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

#### Cash and investments

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the District considers cash and all highly liquid debt instruments with initial maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable of the District consist of water sales receivable. Accounts receivable are unsecured and are stated at the amount the District expects to collect. The District maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its customers to make required payments. Management considers the following factors when determining the collectability of specific customer accounts: customer creditworthiness, past transaction history with the customer, current economic industry trends, and changes in customer payment terms. If the financial condition of the District's customers were to deteriorate, adversely affecting their ability to make payments, additional allowances would be required. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, management considers accounts receivable to be fully collectable and no allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

#### Property taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's board of directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 and attaches as an enforceable lien as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June in equal installments. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected to the District monthly.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectable taxes, are recorded initially as deferred revenues in the year they are levied and measurable. The deferred property tax revenues are recorded as revenues in the year they are available or collected. All property tax revenues are pledged for bond repayment.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment and water distribution systems, are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and a useful life greater than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Contributed capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of contribution. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful lives of the assets as follows:

Water distribution system and equipment 40 years

Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. At the time of retirement or disposition of depreciable property, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is reflected as non-operating revenue or expense.

#### Water rights

The cost of water rights includes acquisition cost and legal and engineering costs related to the development and augmentation of those rights. Since the rights have a perpetual life, they are not amortized. All other costs, including costs incurred for the protection of those rights, are expensed.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

#### Deferred inflows of resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### Revenues and expenses

Operating revenues consist of charges for services and are recognized as earned. Operating expenses include the cost of service, administrative expenses, and depreciation of assets, and are recorded as incurred.

#### Reclassifications

Certain prior year balances and amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

## Subsequent events

The District has evaluated events subsequent to the year ended December 31, 2023 through the date of the attached independent auditor's report, the date these financial statements were issued.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

#### 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	 2023	 2022
Cash and investments Cash and investments - restricted	\$ 860,113 81,500	\$ 749,113 89,500
	\$ 941,613	\$ 838,613

The carrying amounts of cash and investments, which equal estimated fair value, as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, are as follows:

	 2023	 2022
Deposits with financial institutions Investments	\$ 539,797 401,816	\$ 484,983 353,630
	\$ 941,613	\$ 838,613

#### **Deposits with financial institutions**

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act ("PDPA") requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. The PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The state commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

As of December 31, 2023, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$534,668 and a carrying balance of \$539,797. As of December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$482,601 and a carrying balance of \$484,983.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

#### Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those below which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk disclosure requirements or subject to investment custodial credit risk for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless otherwise formally approved by the board of directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the US and certain US government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of US local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certificates of deposit in Colorado PDPA approved banks or savings banks
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2023, the District had the following investments:

InvestmentMaturityAmountColorado Local GovernmentWeighted averageLiquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST)under 60 days\$ 401,816

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

InvestmentMaturityAmountColorado Local GovernmentWeighted averageLiquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST)under 60 days\$ 353,630

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

#### COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST" or "Trust"), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust offers three portfolios: COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund in which each share is equal in value to \$1, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in US Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by US Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of US government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable net asset value ("NAV") local government investment pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in US Treasury securities, repurchase agreement collateralized by US Treasury securities, certain obligations of US government agencies, and highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+ are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST EDGE is rated AAAf/S1 by FitchRatings. COLOTRUST records its investment at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at NAV as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

#### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, is as follows:

	Balance	Additions/ Reclass-		•			Balance	
	01-01-23	if	ications	ifications		1	2-31-23	
Capital assets, not being depreciate	ed:							
Land	\$ 101,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	101,000	
Water rights	172,588		-		-		172,588	
Construction in progress	2,516,673						2,516,673	
Total capital assets, not being								
depreciated	2,790,261		-				2,790,261	
Capital assets, being depreciated: Water distribution system								
and equipment	1,965,264		-		-		1,965,264	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,965,264						1,965,264	
Less accumulated depreciation: Water distribution system								
and equipment	(613,016)		(49,132)				(662,148)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(613,016)		(49,132)				(662,148)	
Capital assets, net	\$4,142,509	\$	(49,132)	\$	-	\$ 4	1,093,377	

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, is as follows:

	Balance 01-01-22	Additions/ Reclass- ifications	Dispositions/ Reclass- ifications	Balance 12-31-22
Capital assets, not being depreciat Land Water rights Construction in progress	ed: \$ 101,000 172,588 2,516,673	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 101,000 172,588 2,516,673
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	2,790,261			2,790,261
Capital assets, being depreciated: Water distribution system and equipment	1,965,264			1,965,264
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,965,264			1,965,264
Less accumulated depreciation: Water distribution system and equipment	(563,876)	(49,140)		(613,016)
Total accumulated depreciation	(563,876)	(49,140)		(613,016)
Capital assets, net	\$4,191,649	\$ (49,140)	\$ -	\$ 4,142,509

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 totaled \$49,132 and \$49,140, respectively.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

#### **5. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The following is a summary of long-term debt of the District during the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Balance 01-01-23	Additions	Repayments	Balance 12-31-23	Due Within One Year
General obligation		•	Φ 00.000	<b>4</b> 045 000	Φ 05.000
Bonds	\$ 895,000	\$ -	\$ 80,000	\$ 815,000	\$ 85,000
Subtotal	895,000		80,000	815,000	85,000
<b>Other debt</b> NRWA Note Payable	26,654	-	7,771	18,883	12,478
CWCB Note Payable	174,654	-	20,056	154,598	-
CWRD Note Payable	1,045,190		34,896	1,010,294	35,041
Subtotal	1,246,498		62,723	1,183,775	47,519
Total long-term obligations	\$ 2,141,498	\$ -	\$ 142,723	\$ 1,998,775	\$ 132,519

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

The following is a summary of long-term debt of the District during the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance 01-01-22	Additions	Repayments	Balance 12-31-22	Due Within One Year
General obligation Series 2007	on bonds				
Bonds	\$ 970,000	\$ -	\$ 75,000	\$ 895,000	\$ 80,000
Subtotal	970,000		75,000	895,000	80,000
Other debt NRWA Note Payable	36,777	-	10,123	26,654	10,432
CWCB Note Payable	194,739	-	20,085	174,654	-
CWRD Note Payable	1,079,883		34,693	1,045,190	34,896
Subtotal	1,311,399		64,901	1,246,498	45,328
Total long-term obligations	\$ 2,281,399	\$ -	\$ 139,901	\$ 2,141,498	\$ 125,328

#### Series 2007 Bonds

On March 28, 2007, the District issued \$1,425,000 of water revenue refunding bonds ("Series 2007 Bonds") secured by water revenues and property tax revenue; \$455,000 were issued as serial bonds and \$970,000 were issued as term bonds. The serial bonds carried interest rates of 4.05% to 4.40% per annum and matured between December 1, 2014 and December 1, 2021. The term bonds carry an interest rate of 5.00% per annum and mature on December 1, 2030. The term bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption in prescribed amounts before the maturity dates.

The District is required to maintain a debt service reserve account to be used for the payment of principal and interest of the Series 2007 Bonds in the event that the District has not provided the trustee with sufficient funds to make the required payment.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

#### Events of default for the bonds

The occurrence of any one or more of the following events or the existence of any one or more of the following conditions constitutes an event of default under the indenture:

- i. Payment of the principal on any bond is not made by the District when due.
- ii. Payment of the interest on any bond is not made by the District when due.
- iii. The District defaults in the performance of any other of its material covenants in the bond resolution, and such default continues for 60 days after written notice specifying such default and requiring the same to be remedied is given to the District by the owners of 50% in aggregate principal amount of the bonds then outstanding.
- iv. The District files a petition under the federal bankruptcy laws or other applicable bankruptcy laws seeking to adjust the obligation represented by the bonds.

Upon the occurrence and continuance of an event of default, the trustee may protect and enforce the rights of any owner by proper legal or equitable remedy deemed most effectual including, without limitation, mandamus, specific performance of any covenants, injunctive relief, or requiring the board of directors to act as if it were the trustee of an express trust, or any combination of such remedies; provided however, that acceleration of any payments due with respect to any bond will not be a remedy available to the owner of any such bond.

The District's long-term obligations on the Series 2007 Bonds mature as follows:

Year Ending							
December 31,	Principal			Interest		Total	
2024	\$	85,000	\$	40,750		\$	125,750
2025		85,000		36,500			121,500
2026		90,000		32,250			122,250
2027		95,000		27,750			122,750
2028		100,000		23,000			123,000
2029-3030		360,000		30,750			390,750
	\$	815,000	_\$	191,000	_	\$ ^	1,006,000
				·			

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

#### NRWA note payable

On April 6, 2013, the District entered into a loan that was later amended on March 23, 2014 in the amount of \$95,701 in order to ensure an adequate water supply. The note payable to National Rural Water Association Revolving Loan Fund ("NRWA") is due in monthly installments of \$924 with a stated interest rate of 3.00% per annum, maturing on July 1, 2025. The note is secured with an interest in the assets of the District in the amount of the principal balance.

Following is a summary of the District's future debt service requirements of the NRWA note payable:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Int	erest	 Total
2024 2025	\$	12,478 6,405	\$	459 64	\$ 12,937 6,469
	\$	18,883	\$	523	\$ 19,406

#### CWCB note payable

On June 21, 2019, the District entered into a note payable that was later amended on May 1, 2020 with the Colorado Water Conservation Board ("CWCB") for up to \$214,460. The note bears interest at 1.85% per annum and is secured by an interest in the revenues of the District. Draws on this note are made as expenses are incurred and repayment is required on or before the maturity date May 1, 2030. Accordingly, no summary of future debt service is provided.

#### CWRD note payable

On June 15, 2020, the District entered into a loan with Colorado Water Resources & Power Development Authority ("CWRD") in the amount of \$1,500,000 to rehabilitate the existing distribution system, construct a new storage tank, and improve the existing storage and treatment facilities. The note payable is due in full on or before the maturity date November 1, 2050, with a stated interest rate of 0.5% per annum. The loan includes \$400,000 in principal forgiveness upon issuance.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

Following is a summary of the District's future debt service requirements of the CWRD note payable:

Year Ending								
December 31,	Principal		_	Interest			Total	
						_		_
2024	\$	35,041		\$	4,992		\$	40,033
2025		35,216			4,803			40,019
2026		35,393			4,627			40,020
2027		35,570			4,449			40,019
2028		35,748			4,283			40,031
2029 - 2033		181,442			18,660			200,102
2034 - 2038		186,029			14,067			200,096
2039 - 2043		190,732			9,358			200,090
2044 - 2048		195,555			4,531			200,086
2049 - 2050		79,568			432			80,000
			٠					
	\$1,	010,294		\$	70,202	_	\$ 1	,080,496

## **Debt authorization**

As of December 31, 2023, the District's debt authorized, authorization used, and amounts authorized but unissued are as follows:

	Electoral Authorization	Service Plan Authorization
Amount authorized	\$ 1,425,000	\$ 1,500,000
Authorization used: Series 2007 Bonds	(1,425,000)	(1,425,000)
Authorized but unissued indebtedness	\$ -	\$ 75,000

On September 10, 2009, the District's voters authorized the issuance of indebtedness at an interest rate not to exceed 12%. The service plan set the maximum mill levy at 24 mills.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

#### 6. NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, plus unspent debt proceeds, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the District had a net investment in capital assets calculated as follows:

	2023	2022
Net investment in capital assets		
Capital assets, net	\$ 4,093,377	\$ 4,142,509
Revenue bonds and note payable	(1,825,294)	(1,940,189)
Not investment in capital accets	\$ 2,268,083	\$ 2,202,320
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 2,200,003	\$ 2,202,320

Restricted assets include net assets that are restricted for use either externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net assets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, as follows:

	2023		2022	
Restricted net position: Debt service (Note 5)	\$ 81,500	\$	89,500	
Total restricted net position	 81,500	\$	89,500	

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted net assets.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

#### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool ("Pool"). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

#### 8. TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights ("TABOR"), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments within the state of Colorado.

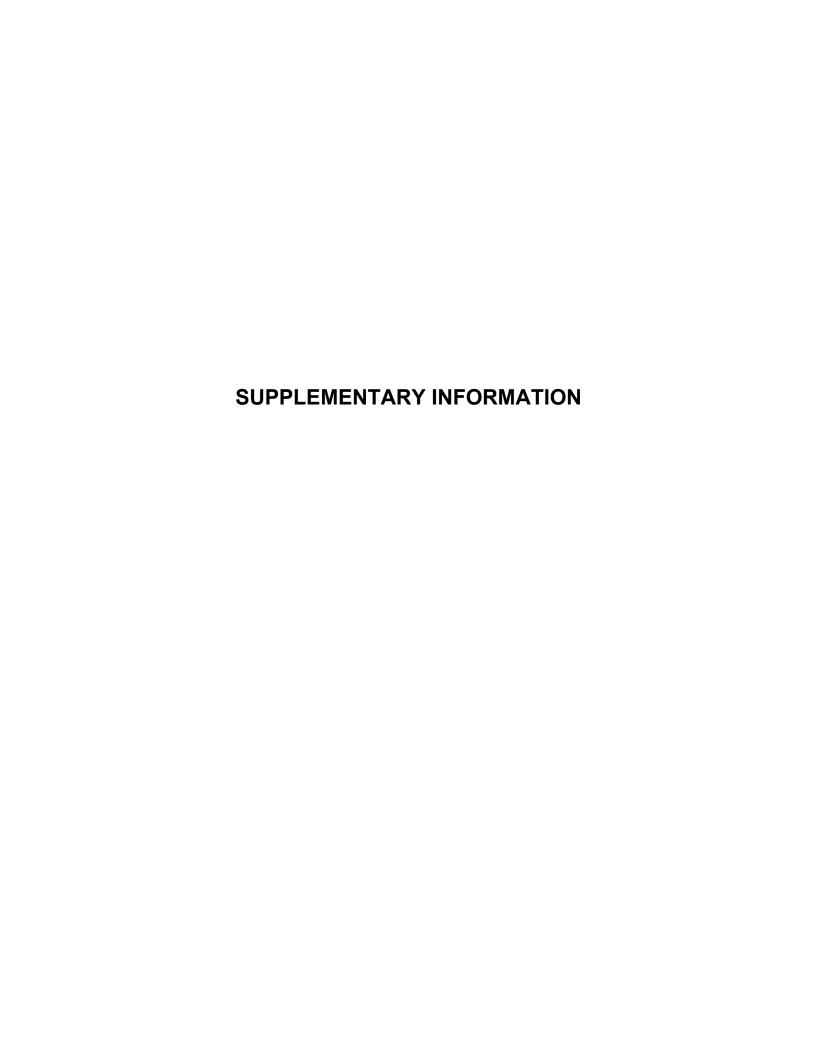
Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior fiscal year spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal year spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the fiscal year spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish emergency reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

Enterprises, defined as government-owned businesses authorized to issue revenue bonds and receiving less than 10% of annual revenue in grants from all state and local governments combined, are excluded from the provisions of TABOR. The District's management believes a significant portion of its operations qualifies for this exclusion.

Management believes the District is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate fiscal year spending limits, will likely require judicial interpretation.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \*



# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET COMPARED TO ACTUAL – BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance	
OPERATING REVENUES				
Water sales	\$ 296,000	\$ 318,131	\$ 22,131	
Other operating revenues		2,090	2,090	
Total revenues	296,000	320,221	24,221	
OPERATING EXPENDITURES				
Contingency	22,000	-	22,000	
District management	54,000	55,934	(1,934)	
Fees, dues, and subscriptions	10,600	8,137	2,463	
Insurance	14,000	12,574	1,426	
ORC fees	48,000	41,513	6,487	
Other expenses	25,000	4,573	20,427	
Professional fees	18,225	16,679	1,546	
Purchased services	10,000	-	10,000	
Repairs and maintenance	35,000	39,666	(4,666)	
Utilities	12,500	8,529	3,971	
Total operating expenditures	249,325	187,605	61,720	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPE	NDITURES_			
Property taxes	138,645	139,295	650	
Specific ownership taxes	9,705	14,953	5,248	
County Treasurer's fees	(4,159)	(3,992)	167	
Interest income		22,533	22,533	
Interest expense	(54,847)	(54,127)	720	
Debt principal payments	(143,480)	(142,723)	757	
Total non-operating revenues and expenditures	(54,136)	(24,061)	30,075	
Excess of revenue over		<b>A</b> 165	<b>.</b>	
expenditures - budgetary basis	\$ (7,461)	\$ 108,555	\$ 116,016	

# RECONCILIATION OF AMOUNTS FROM US GAAP BASIS TO BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The accompanying supplementary Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget Compared to Actual on page 21 presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis. Because accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with US GAAP, a reconciliation of differences in revenues and expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2023 is presented below.

Total revenue per financial statements (operating and non-operating revenue)	\$ 497,002
Total actual revenue and receipts per the budget	\$ 497,002
Total expenses and capital expenditures per financial statements	\$ 294,856
Add: Principal payments on long-term debt	142,723
Less:  Depreciation expense	 (49,132)
Total actual expenses and capital expenditures per the budget	\$ 388,447